DRUM TRANSCRIPTION VIA JOINT BEAT AND DRUM MODELING USING CONVOLUTIONAL RNNs

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PART 1 AUTOMATIC DRUM TRANSCRIPTION

Task Definition, Problem Modeling, Architectures

PART 2 MULTI-TASK LEARNING

Metadata for Transcripts





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audio







- **Input:** western popular music containing drums
- **Output:** symbolic representation of notes played by drum instruments







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■ Wide range of application





- Wide range of application
 - Generate **sheet music**





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 - Generate **sheet music**
 - Music production sampling / remixing / resynthesis





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 - Generate **sheet music**
 - Music production sampling / remixing / resynthesis
 - Higher level MIR tasks use drum patterns for other tasks genre classification song segmentation

















ADT methods focus bass drum (BD) snare (SD) and hi-hat (HH)

• Make up **majority of notes** in datasets





- Make up **majority of notes** in datasets
- Beat defining / most important





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- Beat defining / most important
- Well separated spectral energy distribution







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- End-to-end / activation-function-based
- **Neural Networks** and **NMF-based** approaches





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Overview Article

Wu, C.-W., Dittmar, C., Southall, C., Vogl, R., Widmer, G., Hockman, J., Müller, M., Lerch, A.: "An Overview of Automatic Drum Transcription," IEEE TASLP, vol. 26, no. 9, Sept. 2018.


































Processing of spectrogram frames as **sequential data**





Processing of spectrogram frames as sequential data
Frame-wise detection of instrument onsets



RNN train data sample





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RNN train data sample

bidirectional RNN architecture with GRUs:









Operate on small windows of spectrogram (current frame + spectral context)







- Operate on small windows of spectrogram (current frame + spectral context)
- Acoustic modeling of drum sounds





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J⊻U







Low-level CNN for acoustic modeling





- Low-level CNN for acoustic modeling
- High-level RNN for *music language model*



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Instruments from the same class often sound quite different Similar sound for different instruments

snare drums: crash v.s. splash:



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When **humans** transcribe drums

Function in a track equally important (snare drum v.s. backbeat)

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- Inaudible onsets will be filled in if expected

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Music Language Model























IDMT-SMT-Drums [Dittmar and Gärtner 2014]

- **Solo** drum tracks, recorded, synthesized, and sampled
- > 95 tracks, total: **24m**, onsets: 8004









SMT (simple!)

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- Recordings, three drummers on different drum kits, **optional accompaniment**
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NETWORK MODELS

		Frames	Context	Conv. Layers	Rec. Layers	Dense Layers
Architecture	RNN (S)	100	—	—	2x50 GRU	—
	RNN (L)	400	—	—	3x30 GRU	—
	CNN (S)		9	2 x 32 3x3 filt. 3x3 max pooling 2 x 64 3x3 filt. 3x3 max pooling all w/ batch norm.	—	2x256
	CNN (L)		25			2x256
	CRNN (S)	100	9		2x50 GRU	—
	CRNN (L)	400	13		3x60 GRU	—
	tsRNN	baseline	[Vogl et al. IC	CASSP'17]		

- Early stopping
- Batch normalization
- L2 norm

Dropout

ADAM optimizer






"Punk" MEDLEY DB







"Punk" MEDLEY DB







"Hendrix" MEDLEY DB



"Hendrix" MEDLEY DB



Alexa, play some music...





Alexa, play some music...





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Do not produce additional information for transcripts drum onset detection vs drum transcription





Do not produce additional information for transcripts drum onset detection vs drum transcription

bars lines





- Do not produce additional information for transcripts drum onset detection vs drum transcription
 - bars lines
 - tempo





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 - bars lines
 - tempo
 - meter





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- Only three instrument classes

Richard Vogl, Gerhard Widmer, and Peter Knees, "**Towards multi-instrument drum transcription**," in *Proc. 21th Intl. Conf. on Digital Audio Effects (DAFx18), Aveiro, Portugal, Sep. 2018.*





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Use **beat and downbeat tracking** to get:







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bars lines





Use **beat and downbeat tracking** to get:

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Use **beat and downbeat tracking** to get:

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- Assume that **prior knowledge** of beats is helpful for drum transcription







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- Assume that **prior knowledge** of beats is helpful for drum transcription
- Use multi-task learning for beats and drums





Training one model to solve **multiple related tasks**

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▶ **Improve performance** for each subtask ➡ context!

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One network for all **instruments**



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- One network for all **instruments**
- Instrument onsets are not independent



Training one model to solve multiple related tasks

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Individual activation functions are already learned using multi-task learning

- One network for all **instruments**
- Instrument onsets are not independent
- MIREX results show that it works better


input

output







input

output



Three experiments:





input

output



- Three experiments:
 - Training on drum targets (DT)







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 - Training on drum targets with annotated beats as additional input features (BF)







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Expected increase in performance for BF compared to DT





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 - Training on drum targets (DT)
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Expected increase in performance for BF compared to DT

Desirable increase in performance for MT compared to DT



NEW DATASETS

RBMA13-Drums [http://ifs.tuwien.ac.at/~vogl/datasets/]

- Free music from the 2013 Red Bull Music Academy, different styles
- > 27 tracks, total: **1h 43m**, onsets: 24365
- drum, beat, and downbeat annotations



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RESULTS

		DT	BF	МТ
NOGE	RNN (S)	59.8	63.6	64.6
	RNN (L)	61.8	64.5	64.3
	CNN (S)	66.2	66.7	63.3
	CNN (L)	66.8	65.2	64.8
	CRNN (S)	65.2	66.1	66.9
	CRNN (L)	67.3	68.4	67.2

Experiment

% F-measure for drum onsets, tolerance: ±20ms, 3-fold cross-validation



DT ... drum transcription

BF ... DT plus beats as input features

MT ... DT and beat detection multi-tasking



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Impact of **beats for RNN**s:





Impact of **beats for RNN**s:

BF improves for both models





Impact of **beats for RNN**s:

BF improves for both models

MT improves for both models









Impact of **beats for CNN**s:





Impact of **beats for CNN**s:

BF inconsistent





Impact of **beats for CNNs**:

BF inconsistent

MT declines for both models





Impact of **beats for CNNs**:

- BF inconsistent
- **MT** declines for both models
- Expected: CNNs have too little context for beats









Impact of **beats for CRNN**s:





Impact of **beats for CRNN**s:

BF improves for both models





Impact of beats for CRNNs:

- BF improves for both models
- MT improves for small models





Impact of **beats for CRNN**s:

- BF improves for both models
- MT improves for small models
- MT equal for large model ?













three instruments + beats



three instruments + beats



eight instruments + beats





eight instruments + beats





CONCLUSIONS





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Deep learning for automatic drum transcription




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CRNNs can outperform RNNs and CNNs, especially on complex data

▶ Modeling of acoustic and rhythmic properties → better generalization!





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Leverage **multi-task learning** effects to increase performance

- All instruments under observation within **one model**
- Beats and downbeats for additional **meta data** for transcripts



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